



LA6541

4-channel Bridge Driver for Compact Discs

Overview

The LA6541 is a 4-channel bridge (BTL) driver with a 5 V power supply (uses an external PNP transistor) developed for compact discs.

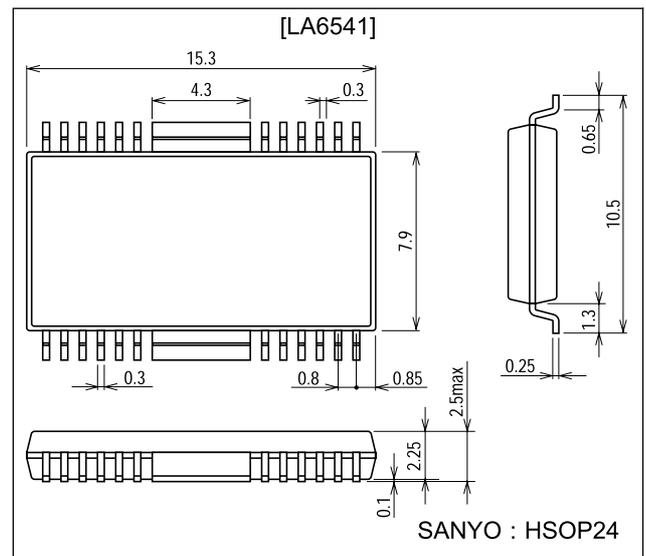
Functions and Features

- 4-channel bridge (BTL) power amplifier.
- I_O max. = 700 mA.
- With mute circuit
(Affects all amplifier outputs, Amp 1 to Amp 8).
(When the mute voltage is low, the outputs turn off;
when the mute voltage is high, the outputs turn on).
- 5.0 V regulator built in (Uses external PNP transistor).
- Reset circuit built in (The reset output delay time can be adjusted through an external capacitor).

Package Dimensions

unit : mm

3227-HSOP24



Specifications

Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V_{CC} max		14	V
Maximum input voltage	V_{INB}		13	V
Mute pin voltage	V_{Mute}		13	V
Allowable power dissipation	P_d max	When using standard board 114.3 × 76.1 × 1.5 mm (material: glass epoxy)	2.3	W
Operating temperature	T_{opr}		-20 to +75	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Recommended operating voltage	V_{CC}		5.6 to 13	V
Reset output source current	I_{ORH}		0 to 200	μA
Reset output sink current	I_{ORL}		0 to 2	mA

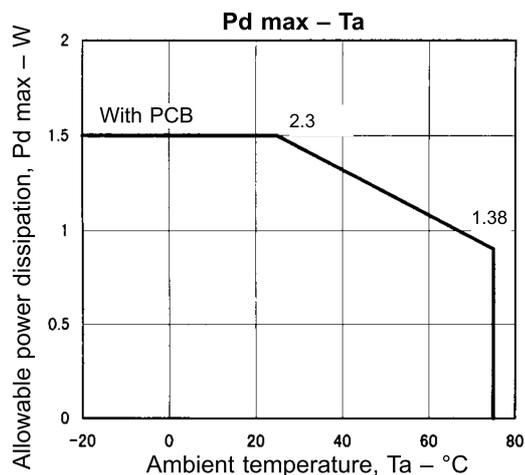
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Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 8.0\text{ V}$, $V_{REF} = 2.5\text{ V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
No-load current drain	I_{CC1}	When all amplifier outputs are on (Mute high)		20	40	mA
	I_{CC2}	When all amplifier outputs are off (Mute low)		15	35	mA
Output offset voltage	V_{OF1}	Amplifier 1 to 2 (V_{O1} to V_{O2}), Amplifier 3 to 4 (V_{O3} to V_{O4})	-50		+50	mV
	V_{OF2}	Amplifier 5 to 6 (V_{O5} to V_{O6}), Amplifier 7 to 8 (V_{O7} to V_{O8})	-50		+50	mV
Buffer amplifier input voltage range	V_{BIN}		1.5		$V_{CC}-1.5$	V
Input voltage range	V_{IN}		1.0		$V_{CC}-1.5$	V
Output source voltage	V_{O1}	Note 1, when $R_L = 8.0\ \Omega$	5.0	5.6		V
Output sink voltage	V_{O2}	Note 2, when $R_L = 8.0\ \Omega$		1.8	2.4	V
Closed-circuit voltage gain	V_G	Between bridge amplifiers		9		dB
Slew rate	SR			0.15		V/ μs
Mute on voltage	V_{Mute}	Note 3		1.2		V
[Power Supply] (with 2SB632K connected externally)						
Output voltage	V_{OUT1}	$I_O = 200\text{ mA}$	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
Line regulation	ΔV_{OLN1}	$5.6\text{ V} \leq V_{IN1} \leq 12\text{ V}$		20	100	mV
Load regulation	ΔV_{OLD1}	$5\text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 200\text{ mA}$		50	150	mV
[Reset]						
High reset output voltage	V_{ORH}	$I_{ORH} = 200\ \mu\text{A}$, Cd pin open	4.73	4.98	5.23	V
Low reset output voltage	V_{ORL}	$I_{SRL} = 2\text{ mA}$, Cd is shorted to GND		100	200	mV
Reset threshold voltage	V_{RT}	Note 4		4.3		V
Reset hysteresis voltage	V_{hys}	Note 5	40	100	200	mV
Reset output delay time	t_d	Cd = $0.1\ \mu\text{F}$		10		ms

Notes:

- Source voltage to ground when an $8\ \Omega$ load is connected between bridge amplifier outputs.
- Sink voltage to ground when an $8\ \Omega$ load is connected between bridge amplifier outputs.
- When the mute signal is high, all amplifier outputs turn on, and when low, all amplifier outputs turn off. When the mute signal is low, amplifier output is undefined.
- 5 V supply voltage when the reset output goes low.
- Potential difference from the 5 V supply voltage when the reset output goes low and when it goes high.



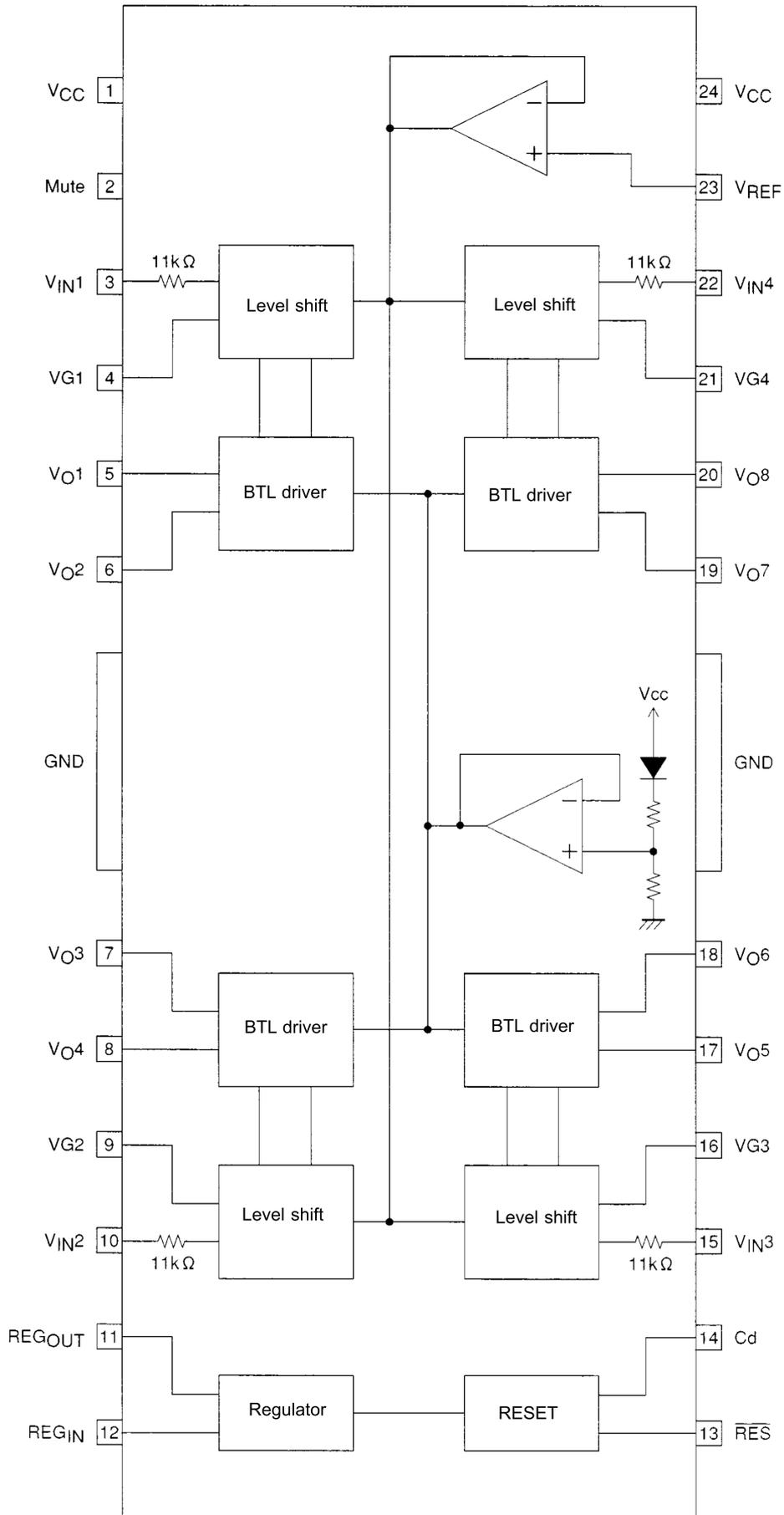
Truth Table

Input	MUTE	CH1		CH2		CH3		CH4	
		V_{O1} (Amp1)	V_{O2} (Amp2)	V_{O3} (Amp3)	V_{O4} (Amp4)	V_{O5} (Amp5)	V_{O6} (Amp6)	V_{O7} (Amp7)	V_{O8} (Amp8)
H	H	H	L	L	H	H	L	L	H
	L	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
L	H	L	H	H	L	L	H	H	L
	L	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

* The “—” symbol means “amplifier output is OFF.”

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Block Diagram



A06415